CDNI Framework

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Objective of Framework

- Address the question "how do all the pieces fit together?"
 - Think of a frame providing the structure to which the other pieces get attached
 - Describes how all the CDNI components and additional out-of-scope components (e.g. inter CDN acquisition, request interface) combine to deliver full CDNI solution



Objective of Framework (2)

- Illustrate key design tradeoffs
 - E.g. HTTP- versus DNS-based redirection
 - E.g. Recursive versus iterative request routing
- Leave details of interface specifications (Request Routing, Control, Metadata, Logging) to other documents

Message Flow examples

- Series of examples to illustrate:
 - The "big picture" of how operations proceed to distribute content, metadata and control information
 - The key information that needs to be exchanged
 - Different request routing styles, including recursive and iterative
 - Various ways the Request Routing, Metadata and Control interfaces may be used
 - How certain agreements/conventions between providers may assist interoperation
 - E.g. naming conventions for acquisition nodes
- Not prescriptive
 - Next rev will clarify this and draw conclusions from examples

Message Flow Details

- Read the draft :-)
- It's been noted that we have a lot of detail on domain names, DNS operation, and HTTP redirection
- The names illustrate the type of things that will either need to be configured or exchanged in protocols to be defined
- The use of DNS- and HTTP-based redirection needs to get documented somewhere
 - The request interface is "out of scope" for CDNI in the sense that no new mechanisms are to be defined

Deployment Scenarios

- Illustration of how various deployments may be supported
 - Mesh of CDNs
 - CSP uses CDNI to interact with CDN(s)
 - CDN Exchange
- Not exhaustive
- Show some examples of useful subsetting of the CDNI interfaces

Trust Model and Security Issues

- Identify trust & security issues that are unique to interconnected CDNs
- Key issue: (non-)transitivity of trust
 - CSP trusts uCDN who trusts dCDN but CSP doesn't trust dCDN
 - "Trust but verify" covers some cases
 - E.g. 3rd party monitoring of end-end performance
 - But, if problems are found, may be harder to pinpoint the culprit in a chain of CDNs
 - Detailed interface specs should tackle this
- Single CDN access control methods must also work in CDNI (e.g. URL signing)
- Avoiding open proxy behavior

Next Steps (1)

- Add interface definitions
- More discussion of design tradeoffs
 - e.g. what info belongs in which interface, etc.
- Draw conclusions from the examples
 - e.g. point out where existing machinery already does job
- More security considerations
- Deal with all the mailing list comments
- Say more about relationship to ALTO, choosing among multiple dCDN candidates

Next steps (2)

- Get another round of discussion on list
- Consider if next rev is a good candidate for the WG framework doc