LEDBAT APPLICATIONS PRACTICES AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Reinaldo Penno, rpenno@juniper.net Satish Raghunath, satishr@juniper.net Joe Touch, <u>touch@ISI.EDU</u>

J. Iyengar , jiyengar@fandm.edu

IETF-74, San Francisco

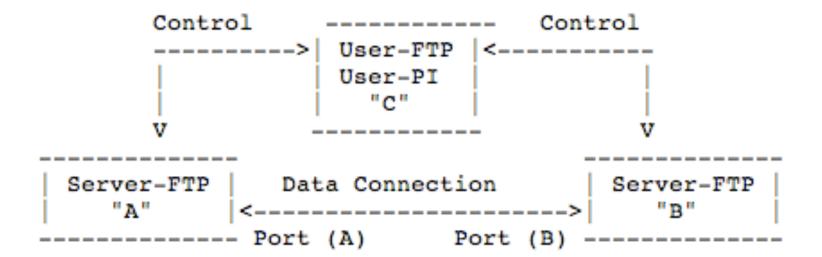
CHANGES FROM PREVIOUS VERSION (TANA-00)

- Significant changes based on mailing list feedback
- Reached out to people that made comments during last meeting in order to get specifics and tried to incorporate
- Clean-up and reorganization of sections
- Recommendation section starting to grow

MULTIPLE TCP CONNECTIONS ADVANTAGES

- 3.1. Avoiding head-of-line blocking 5
- 3.2. Logical partitioning at application level 5
- 3.3. Multiple streams with different properties 5
- 3.4. Signaling application layer request completion 5
- 3.5. High bandwidth-delay links 5
- 3.6. Error resiliency and reliability 5
- o 3.7. Leveraging multiple processors in a system 5

LOGICAL PARTITIONING AT APPLICATION LEVEL



Multiple streams with different properties

- NAGLE
- o RFC1323
- Path MTU Discovery
- SACK and its options

SIGNALING APPLICATION LAYER REQUEST COMPLETION

• If the application assumes that connection close indicates the completion of a request, it becomes necessary to have new connections for multiple requests. This was a reason for multiple connections in HTTP 1.0.

HIGH BANDWIDTH-DELAY LINKS

- In the presence of a large bandwidth-delay product, the 16-bit window size parameter in TCP header does not allow the application to fully utilize the link.
- In such situations, the current practice is to negotiate the Window Scale Option [RFC1323]. In addition multiple TCP connections can allow the application to achieve an effectively larger window size so that it can better utilize a link with high bandwidth-delay product (e.g. iSCSI [SCSIREF]).

ERROR RESILIENCY AND RELIABILITY

- The more connections you use to download an object, the less chance of a single failure on one connection having a negative impact on the whole download.
- Especially with P2P applications, this makes the network robust to failures and churn in participants.
- How many connections are enough?

LEVERAGING MULTIPLE PROCESSORS IN A SYSTEM

 With multiple processor systems, there can be higher performance with parallelism and multiple connections spread over different processors.

MULTIPLE TCP CONNECTIONS DISADVANTAGES

- 4.1. Additional connection setup overhead 6
- 4.2. Memory Space 6
- 4.3. Link Bandwidth 6
- 4.4. Middleboxes
 - IPv4 Depletion and Sharing an IP address?

RECOMMENDATIONS

- 5.1. Diffserv 8
 - RFC3662
- 5.2. Window scale negotiation 8
 - RFC1323
- 5.3. Sweet spot of connections vs. speed?
- 5.4. When multiple connections increases latency?