PCN Encoding for Packet-Specific Dual Marking (PSDM)

draft-menth-pcn-psdm-encoding-00

Michael Menth University of Wuerzburg

Jozef Babiarz Nortel Networks Toby Moncaster
BT

Bob Briscoe
BT & UCL

Baseline Encoding vs. Packet-Specific Dual Marking (PSDM)

Similarity

- Possibly could use Voice-Admit DSCP for PCN traffic
- One DSCP
- Use ECN field for
 - Differentiation of PCN traffic from non-PCN traffic
 - PCN encoding

Difference

- Baseline encoding supports only one marking scheme in a PCN domain
- PSDM-encoding supports two marking schemes in a network, but only one per packet
 - Excess Marking
 - Exhaustive Marking

Motivation for PSDM

Motivation

- Robust, probe-based (signalled) AC: probe packets need exhaustive (threshold) marking based on admissible rate
- As well support FT: PCN data packets need excess marking based on supportable rate

Idea

- Use excess and exhaustive (threshold) marking in same network
- All PCN traffic is subject to both meters
- Probe packets are subject to exhaustive marking only
- PCN data packets are subject to excess marking only
- ECN bits are used to tell routers which meter marks which packet
- Excess and exhaustive marking re-mark packets to the same codepoint "11"
- Egress node knows if packet is probe or PCN data, therefore infers whether packet was excess or exhaustive marked

PCN Codepoints - Redefinition of ECN Field

ECN field: Semantic

- "00" not-PCN: Voice-Admit traffic not subject to PCN control
- "10" not-excess-marked (not-ExM): unmarked PCN traffic subject to excess marking
- "01" not-exhaustive-marked (not-EhM): unmarked PCN traffic subject to exhaustive marking
- "11" marked (M): marked traffic

Applicability of PCN Encoding for PSDM

Only AC

- Use exhaustive marking only (single marking)
- All packets not-EhM "01" marked at ingress

Only FT

- Use excess marking only (single marking)
- All packets not-ExM "10" marked at ingress

AC & FT (SM) as per charny-pcn-single-marking

- Use excess marking only (single marking meter configured rate set to admission level)
- All packets not-ExM "10" marked at ingress

Probe-based (signalled) AC & FT

- Use excess and exhaustive marking (dual marking)
- All PCN traffic is subject to both meters, but only to one marker
- Probe packets are not-EhM "01" market at ingress
- PCN data packets are not-ExM "10" market at ingress

PSDM Limitation – options going forward

- end-to-end ECN can be supported through tunneling in PCN domain
 - Until end-to-end PCN is defined
- not supported CL style AC & FT when both are used) (measurement of marking at egress)
 - Requires 2nd DSCP

DSCP	Not-ECT	ECT(0)	ECT(1)	CE
	"00"	"10"	"01"	"11"
PSDM using single DSCP				
DSCP 1	Not-PCN	Not-ExM	Not-EhM	М
Simple evolution from SM to CL for both AC & FT encoding				
DSCP 1 (FT)	Not-PCN	Not-ExM	Not-used	M (ETM)
DSCP 2 (AC)	Not-PCN	Not-used	Not-EhM	M (ThM)

Note: end-to-end ECN can be supported through tunneling in PCN domain until end-to-end PCN is defined

Further analysis required

Conclusion

- PCN encoding for packet-specific dual marking (PSDM)
 - Requires only one DSCP (possibly Voice-Admit)
 - Extension of "baseline encoding"
 - Supports two concurrent marking schemes (excess and exhaustive marking)
 - More (at least 4) deployment scenarios possible than with "draft 02 of baseline encoding"

Motion

 Would like that PCN WG adopt the encoding method defined in draft-menth-pcn-psdmencoding-00 as WG work item.