

# ICMP attacks against TCP

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# Overview

- ICMP can be used to perform blind connection-reset and blind throughputreduction attacks against TCP
- The current IETF specs do not recommend any checks on the received ICMP messages
- This makes ICMP attacks the most trivial attacks that can be performed against TCP

### General counter-measures

- TCP sequence number checking
- Port randomization
- Packet-filtering based on the payload of the ICMP message
- TCP acknowledgement number checking
- IPsec authentication

## TCP SEQ checking deployment

The TCP SEQ cheking has been implemented by, at least:

- Linux
- FreeBSD
- OpenBSD

The author is aware most vendors are implementing the TCP SEQ checking as their basic counter-measure against ICMP attacks

## Things that can still go wrong

- The general counter-measures provide an acceptable level of protection for many scenarios
- However, an attacker could still guess all the values that are required to perform the attacks (including the TCP SEQ)



- Treat ICMP "hard errors" as "soft errors" (for connections in any of the synchronized states)
- Ignore ICMP Source Quench messages
- Divide PMTUD into two stages ("Initial PMTUD", and "PMTU Update"). In the "Update PMTU" stage, delay the reaction on ICMP PTB until the corresponding segment timeouts

# Current deployment

Change in the reaction to "hard errors":

- Linux (for years)
- {Free, Net, Open}BSD (for years)

Ignoring ICMP Source Quench:

Linux

#### PMTUD fix:

Not implemented, yet

## Issues raised

Should we do something about these attacks?

(There seems to be consensus on the mailing-list to do something about it)

- Move the discussion to TSVWG?
  - DCCP is affected by these attacks
  - UDP is affected by these attacks
  - SCTP checks the verification tag

# Next steps

- Take as WG document?
- Move the discussion to TSVWG?
  - Interesting to discuss how these attacks affect other transport protocols
  - However, this may delay a TCP-specific fix