

RID Draft Update Migrating to IODEF

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RID Updates

- Purpose
- RID and INCH
- Messaging Format Changes
 - Packet based to XML
- Define Extensions to IODEF Model
- Communication Mechanism for RID Documents
- Security Considerations
 - Consortiums
 - Privacy



- Trace Security Incidents to the Source
- Stop or Mitigate the Effects of an Attack or Security Incident
- Facilitate Communications between Network Providers
- Integrate with existing and future network components
 - Systems to trace traffic across a network
 NetFlow, Hash Based IP Traceback, IP Marking, etc.
 Intrusion Detection Systems
 Network devices such as routers and firewalls
- Provide secure means to communicate RID messages
 - Consortiums agree upon use and abuse guidelines
 - Consortiums provide a key exchange method
 Trusted PKI, certificate repository, cross certifications



- RID is used to communicate security incident handling information between CSIRTs or NPs
- RID carries much of the same data as an IODEF document
- RID requires a few additional data elements
- Communication and proper transport of messages is in the RID specification
- RID is now reformatted to use the IODEF specification
 - Packet based format to IODEF document
- RID message types
 - Noted in a SOAP wrapper to an XML IODEF document



- AdditionalData Class from IODEF used to define Extensions
 - IPPacket Class
 - Allows hex packets to be stored in the RID message in a format that will be expected by the recipient of a RID message
 - Multiple packets may be sent in a single message
 - NPPath Class

Purpose is to identify the path of the trace and to avoid loops

- TraceStatus Class
 - Method for providing approval status from upstream peer after a trace request is made



Communicating RID Messages

- SOAP Messaging Wrapper and XML Security
 - Method to transport messages
 - Provide integrity, authentication, authorization
 - XML digital signature, encryption, and public key infrastructure
- Public Key Infrastructure
 - Provided by consortiums linking network providers for RID messaging
- Message Types
 - Trace Request
 - Trace Authorization
 - Source Found
 - Relay Request
- RID Systems Must Track the Requests by
 - Incident Number
 - Packet Contents
 - Completion Status



Security Considerations

- Consortiums
 - Agreements between entities involved in RID peering
 - Provide a secure key exchange repository/system (PKI)
 - Peering agreements and policies between consortiums and across national boundaries or jurisdictions
- System use guidelines
 - Privacy considerations
 - Abuse policies
 - Use policies may vary across national network or consortium boundaries

Automated method to allow enforcement of use agreements

- RID server security policies
 - Network based access controls
 - Hardened systems
- Communication security considerations for the exchange of RID messages and the underlying protocols



Summary

- Many updates from the previous version
 - Moved from packet based format to a solution based on IODEF documents
 - Extended the AdditionalData Class to accommodate the needs of RID messaging
 - Security will use XML Digital Signature and XML Encryption
 - PKI at the core of the security model, but provided by a consortium
 - Topology examples to address implementers questions
 - Extended information on system use and privacy considerations
- Near Future Update will include
 - SOAP wrapper and more information on XML Security
 - Further specifications on automating a flag for system use adherence guidelines
 - May include additional examples of other message types
 - Any suggested revisions or clarifications
- <u>http://www.ietf.org/internet-drafts/draft-moriarty-ddos-rid-05.txt</u>