

RID-DoS:

Real-time Inter-network Defense Against Denial of Service Attacks

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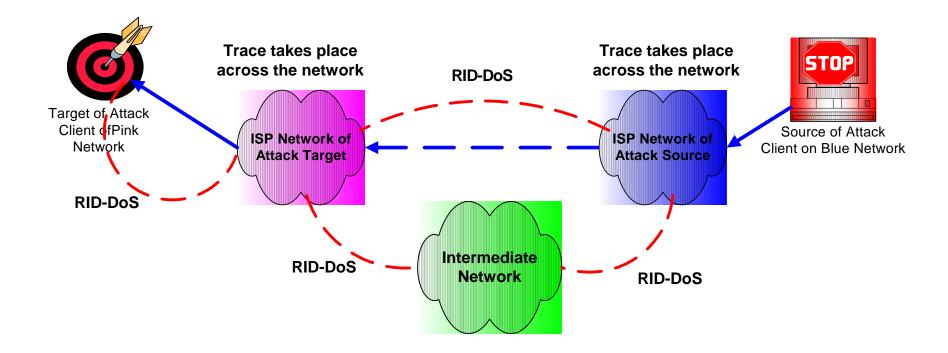


RID Goals

- Real time method to mitigate effects of network attacks
- Establish communication mechanism for network peers
 - ISPs, Education, Government, etc.
- Capability to continue traces through upstream networks
 - Addresses inter-Network communication issues
 - Respect network boundaries
 - Integrate existing trace implementations
 - Ability to trace attack back to valid/spoofed source address
- Use existing infrastructure for attack detection and trace
 - Network statistics used to detect variations in traffic types
 - Compensate for network events to reduce false positives
 - Backbone outage or network event
 - Flexible Integrate new detection and single network trace methods



Communication via RID





Parameters for Trace Approaches

- Many solutions require IP header information as parameters to trace request
- Time range of attack
- RID-DoS would need to incorporate the following parameters for Flow analysis or filter approaches
 - Non-changing fields of IP header
 - IP protocol
 - IP source address and port
 - IP destination address and port
 - TCP flags
 - Packet size
 - Start and stop time traffic detected
- Hash based IP Traceback also requires 1st 8 bytes of the packet payload
- PATH information for each hop (network) in the trace
 - AS Number, IP of NMS
- Action Taken
 - Additional fields required



RID Notification / Attack Mitigation

- Proposal provides Inter-ISP communication to support continued trace to attack source
- RID messages are text
 - Parsed at receiving host
 - Trace continuance must be authorized
 - Trace continuance may be automated based on confidence rating
- Four Message Types
 - Request, Status, Source Found, Relay
- Notification of the status of the trace is sent back to the originator of the trace as it traverses multiple networks
 - Must be passed through each NMS in path
- Notification sent to trace originator upon completion
 - Source of attack found
 - Action taken included in communication
 - Blocked at source assists in mitigating or stopping the DoS or DDoS attack Notify client and other traffic blocking mechanisms included in options

Message Type 1 – Trace Request

```
Message Type 1
Time Stamp
Incident Identifier = ASN + Incident number + Instance
Confidence rating of detected Denial of Service attack
   (0-100)
    Level
            Meaning
          Low probability detected attack occurred
    1
    100
          Attack detected with 100 percent confidence rating
Filter used to trace incident across meters in the
  network - IP Header Information
Number of NMS in the path listed in message
Path information of Network Management Systems used in
  the trace
    Autonomous System Number and NMS IP address of Next
      Network
    Autonomous System Number and NMS IP address Current
      Network
    Autonomous System Number and NMS IP address of
      Originating Network
```



Summary

- Uses existing network infrastructure
 - NMS to relay RID Messages to request trace continuance
- RID messaging incorporates a communication mechanism in order to trace traffic across network boundaries
- Expand entries in several fields
- Extension to accommodate additional parameters
- http://www.ietf.org/internet-drafts/draft-moriarty-ddos-rid-05.txt