

Son of IKE Requirements

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Outline

- Changes since –00 draft
- Scenarios
- General operational requirements
- Protocol requirements
- Policy requirements
- Security requirements

Changes since –00 draft

- A lot ;-)
- Draft –00 covered only protocol issues
 - Simplicity shouldn't be the only goal; designing a well-behaved protocol that meets the core scenarios while having sufficient (but not infinite) flexibility is important
- Current draft adds scenarios, and security, operational and policy requirements; original protocol discussion **summarized** here

Scenarios

- Attempted to define model for capturing key characteristics of each scenario.
 - Operational characteristics
 - General description
 - Dynamic addressing
 - NAT
 - QoS
 - Policy

Scenarios

- Security characteristics
 - Authentication
 - Identity
 - Identity protection
- WG needs to decide on model

Scenarios

- Key scenarios
 - This is not an attempt at a complete list of possible scenarios, but these are key categories that the WG may wish to consider.
 - Scenarios should help to drive scoping and requirements
 - Additional “problem areas” introduced other issues that may affect one or more scenarios

Key Scenarios

- VPN site-to-site tunnels
- Secure remote access
- End-to-end security
- IP storage
- PPVPN/MPLS
- Mobile IP/Wireless
- Delay sensitive applications

Operational Requirements

- Scalability
 - Lightweight (memory/cpu/etc.) desirable for both small-footprint devices and those larger devices supporting tons of connections
- Fast setup
 - Expense of processing new negotiation requests includes a cost based on number of messages and amount of processing (including authentication)
 - Cost of connection maintenance vs. cost of “no maintenance”
 - Some scenarios may require both “fast” and “low delay”

Operational Requirements

- One-phase vs. two-phase exchange
 - Certain scenarios will have multiple IPsec connections between a pair of IPsec endpoints
 - IPsec tunnels may be negotiated simultaneously or sequentially (e.g. configuration-driven vs. demand-driven)
 - Possibly desirable to amortize cost of initial negotiation across the additional tunnels

Operational Requirements

- Something needs to guarantee operational integrity of “tunnel management channel”
 - Primary goal is mechanisms to ensure protocol convergence
 - Two endpoints who have very different views of the state of connection result in black holes
 - Can’t always throw “routing” at this problem
 - Reachability between tunnel endpoints (DPD, etc.)
 - Communication of SA deletion (especially premature deletion due to operator action) to peer

Protocol Requirements

- Protocol Interaction
 - With “supporting” protocols, such as IPSP
- Identity
 - <to be covered via a separate presentation>
- Interaction with NAT
 - NATs aren’t disappearing anytime soon...
- General design criteria
 - Synopsis of discussion from –00 draft
 - (reasonable) modularity, (reasonable) extensibility, (reasonable) protocol convergence, (reasonable) simplicity

Policy Requirements

- Provisioning and management
 - Configuration
 - Discovery
- Expanding the selector set
 - QoS DSCP
 - VPN tags
 - Lists of selector entries

Policy Requirements

- SPD selectors and dynamic policy
 - Capability of adding to/removing from list
 - Ex. SCTP
 - Protocols that can dynamically discover traffic to be protected/application-controlled filter specification
 - Policy model must accommodate

Policy Requirements

- Retaining SAs in face of address changes
 - Not specifically a requirement, but this could make certain operational scenarios much easier
 - mobileIP, IPv6, NAT(? Maybe)
 - May need combining with modifying spd selectors
- Authorization
 - (help!)
- Additional per-connection policy
 - Inner address assignment, etc.
 - Identify absolute minimum for bootstrap, provide other via separate mechanism

Security Requirements

- Key agreement
- Key generation
- Authentication
- Resistance to DoS attacks
- Resistance to replay attacks
- Resistance to downgrade attacks
- Identity hiding
- PFS