



IPv6/UDP Zero-Checksum

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draft-fairhurst-tsvwg-6man-udpzero-02



Why are we discussing this

- Different Tunnels have implementation issues:
 - -IPv6 tunnels that want ECMP using UDP
 - Automatic IP Multicast Without Explicit Tunnels (AMT) (draftietf-mboned-auto-multicast)
 - Locator/ID Separation Protocol (LISP) draft-ietf-lisp
- > RFC 2460 mandates a non-zero IPv6 Checksum
- Implementers want to avoid having to checksum the UDP payload



IPv6 Transport

- > IPv6 lacks header checksum, relying on transport protocol for delivery verification at destination
- Need to verify the src,dst address, src,dst ports, and start of payload
- Many UDP applications don't know how to check this themselves

Many accept from any source address and port

Corruption of the header poses a real problem if undetected



UDP Tunnels

- > UDP checksum provides protection
- > UDP-Lite protects header information
- Many tunnel applications rely on the inner tunneled packet being checked at the final destination
 - -Therefore there is a claim that no checksum is needed
 - -IPv4 tunnels typically uses UDP with zero checksum
 - -Supported in currently deployed hardware
 - -Implementers therefore want the same functions for IPv6



This is not trivial

- draft-fairhurst-tsvwg-6man-udpzero-02 describes key issues and pitfalls
- > UDP-Lite would be a candidate transport
- If the group really wants to consider whether to relax the UDP checksum coverage for the tunnel case:
 - -Zero checksums should be explicitly enabled for a specific port
 - -The tunnel must not fragment packets
 - The tunnelled packet must provide integrity checks
 - -Protocols than use zero checksum must not be tunneled themselves
 - -etc



What to do

- 1. This draft provides a basis for making a decision about whether to update RFC 2460.
- 2. We should publish a document on this topic whichever way the decision goes!
- 3. Can we adopt this as a Working Group item?



Extra Slides



Corruption

