IP Flow Anonymisation Support draft-boschi-ipfix-anon-04

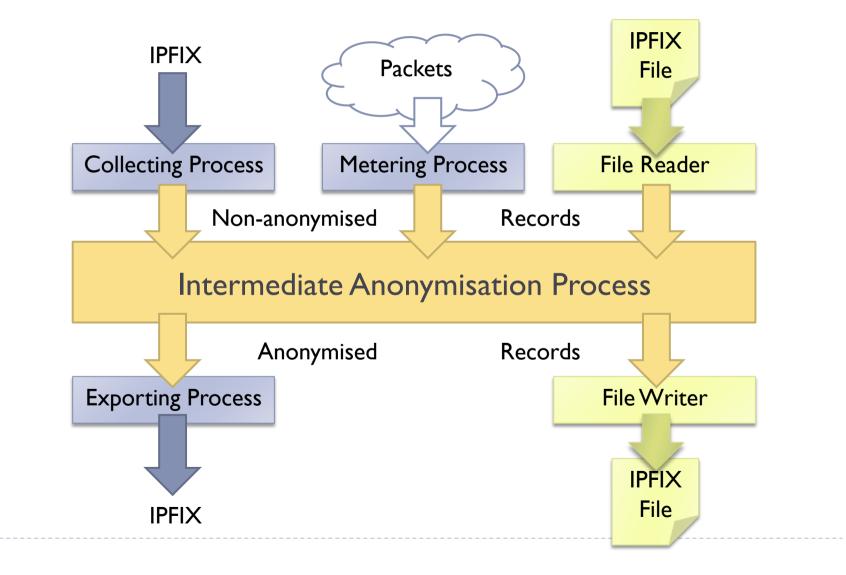
Elisa Boschi, Brian Trammell – Hitachi Europe

IETF 76 Hiroshima, Japan II November 2009

Background: Anonymisation and IPFIX

- Anonymisation support long-standing IPFIX requirement
 - IPFIX requirements (§6.7 RFC 3917)
 - Mediation function (§5.6 draft-ietf-ipfix-mediators-problemstatement)
 - Anonymous storage (§5.7 RFC 5655)
- Adopted as WG item after Stockholm
- Published draft-ietf-ipfix-anon-00 for Hiroshima
 - added Security Considerations section

Anonymisation Data Paths



-anon-00 contents (§§1-4)

I. Introduction

the usual front matter

2.Terminology

- incorporates IPFIX terminology by reference
- may need additional anonymisation-specific terms [TODO]

3. Categorization

defines broad categories (countability, reversibility) for anonymisation techniques in terms of properties of the resulting information.

4. Anonymisation

 defines general anonymisation techniques for flow data by type of IE: IP/Hardware address, timestamp, counter, etc.

-anon-00 contents (§§5-6)

D

- 5. Parameters for the Description of Anonymisation Techniques
 - defines parameters for configuring anonymisation
- 6. Anonymisation Export Support in IPFIX
 - defines anonymisation metadata export based on Options, three IEs:
 - anonymisationTechnique describes techniques in terms of properties of resulting information, as defined in Categorization, section 3.
 - anonymisationStability describes temporal comparability of values of a given field
 - informationElementIndex allows binding to specific instances of IEs within a template

-anon-00 contents (§§7-10)

- 7. Applying Anonymisation Techniques to IPFIX Export and Storage
 - b defines how processes are arranged for anonymisation
 - defines guidelines for exporting anonymised data using IPFIX
 - $\hfill\square$ i.e., avoidance of header and options data information leakage
- 8. Examples
 - FODO]
- 9. Security Considerations
 - ► Clarify role of anonymisation.
 - Discuss mapping lifetime tradeoffs.
 - Reference guidelines in §7.2 for non-export of anonymisationcompromising information
- I0. IANA Considerations
 - Enumerate information elements to be created.

Next steps

- Incorporate received commentary on additional anonymisation techniques.
 - Reverse truncation, leaving low-order bits intact.
 - Prefix-preserving mappings with identity map for low order bits.
- Incorporate received commentary on additional guidelines.
 - Elimination of special-use address space [RFC 3330] in data before anonymisation.
- Solicit additional commentary on both.
- Submission to IESG before Maastricht meeting
 - (June 2010, according to charter)