



Location Configuration Protocol

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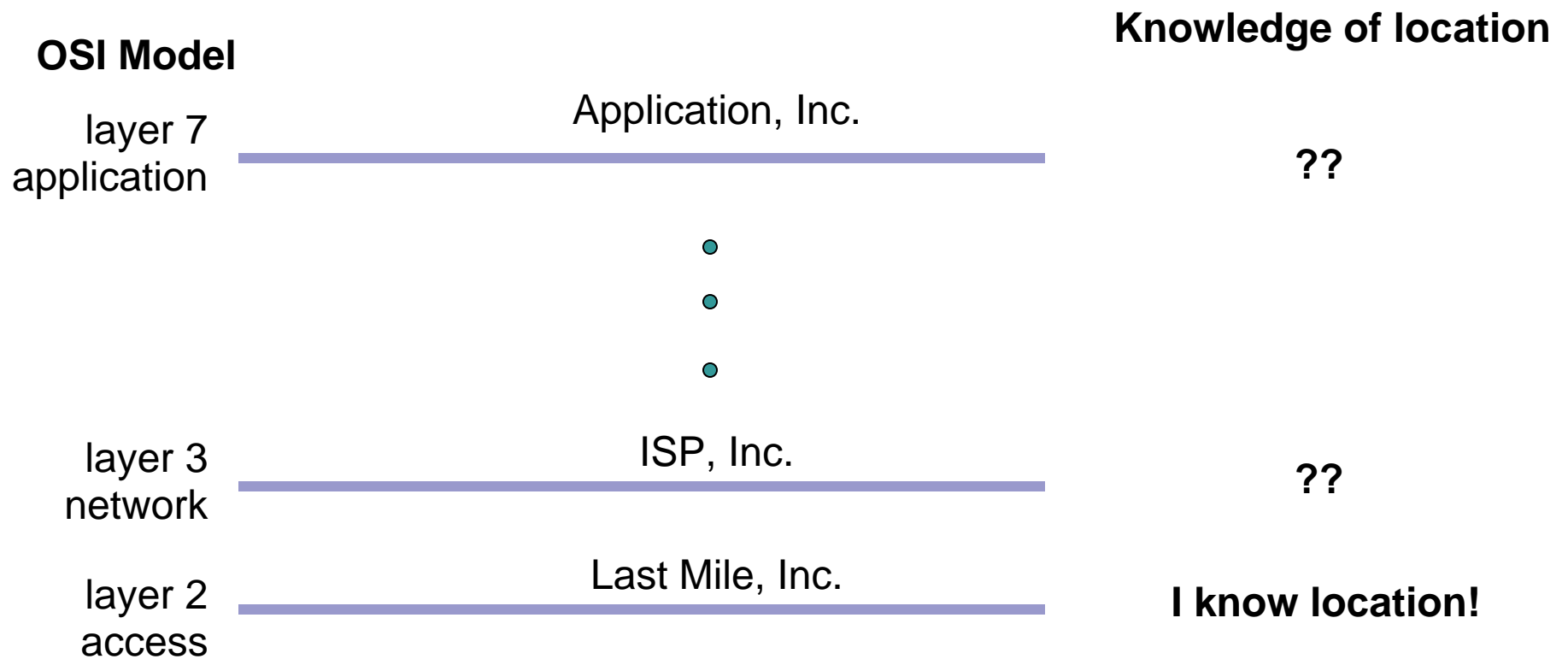
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The Problem Space

- **If the end host is able to derive location on it's own or via it's access control mechanism, we have no problem and no need for LCP.**

- **If not.....**

The Problem Space



The Problem Space

OSI Model

layer 7
application

Application, Inc.



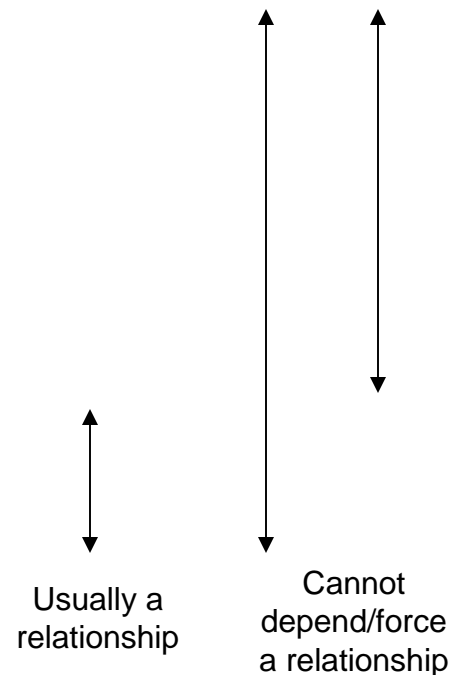
layer 3
network

ISP, Inc.

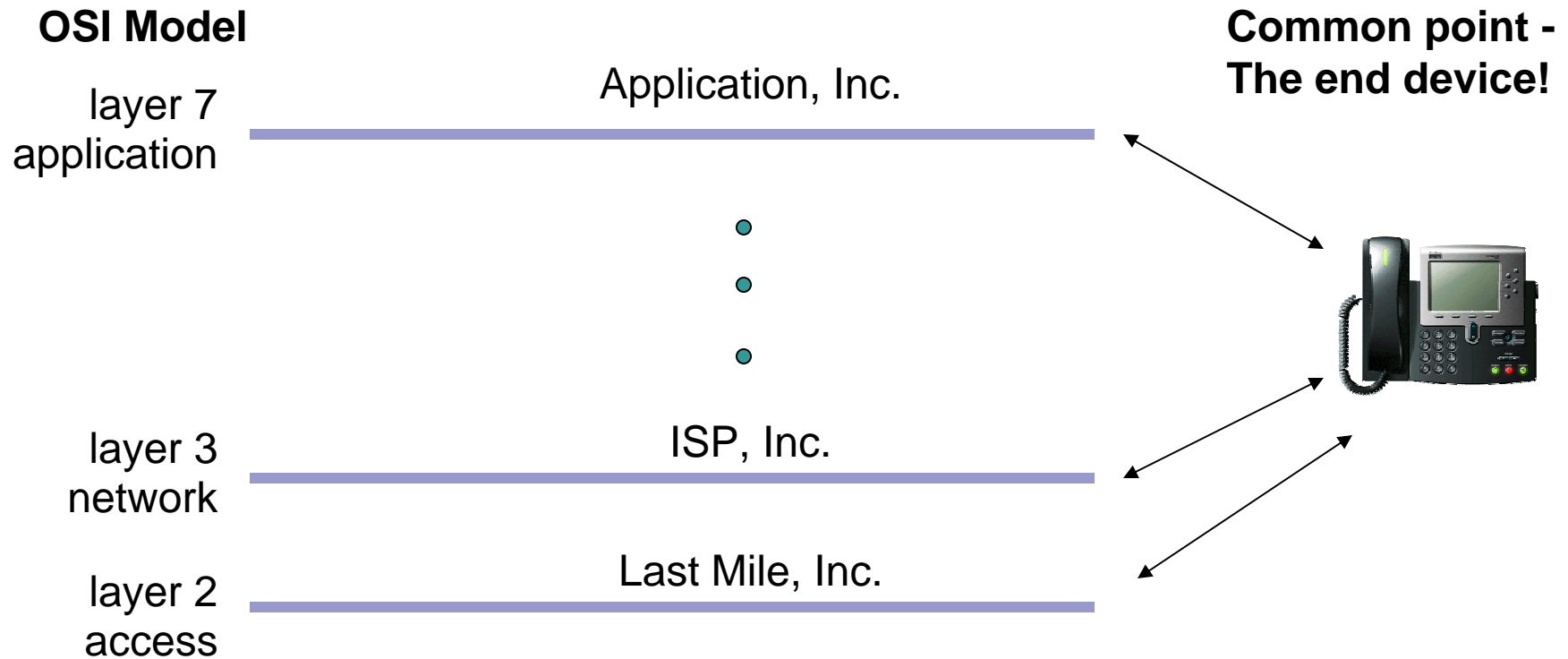
layer 2
access

Last Mile, Inc.

Technical and/or business relationship

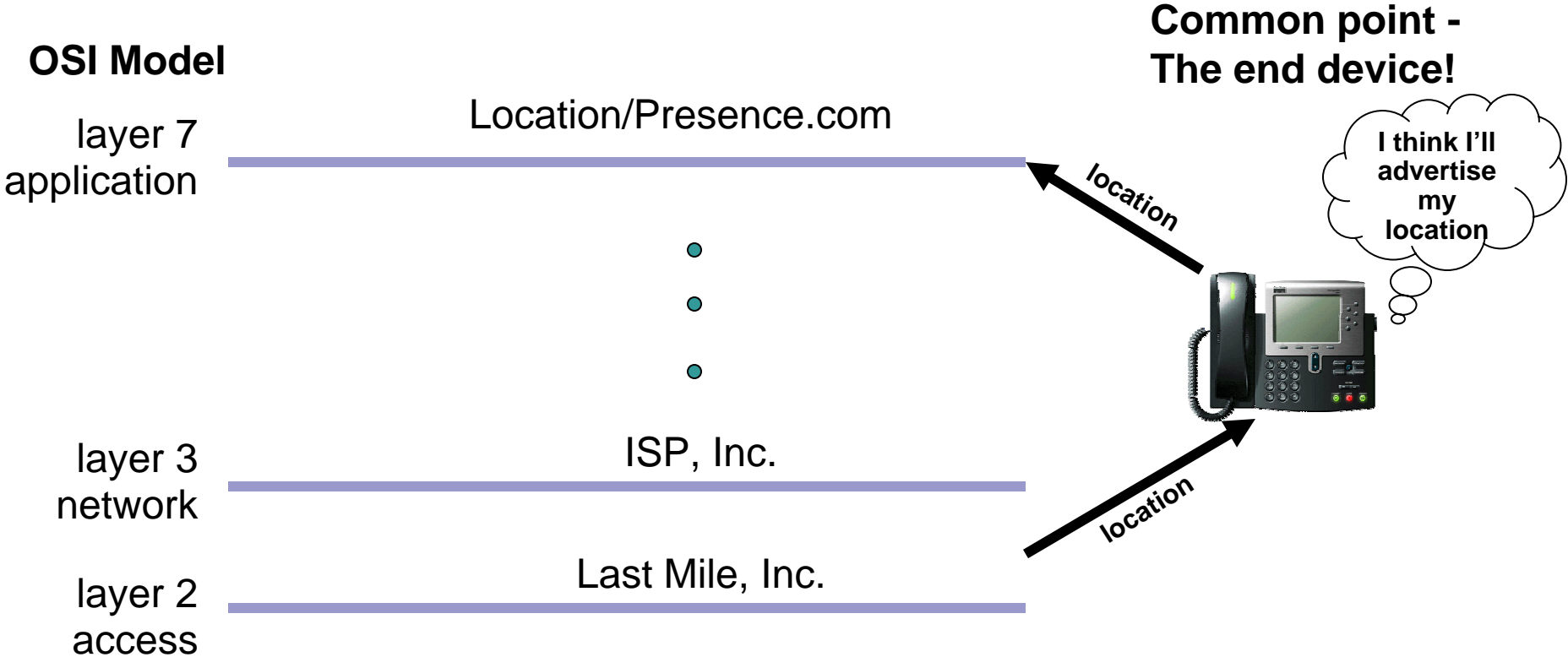


The Problem Space



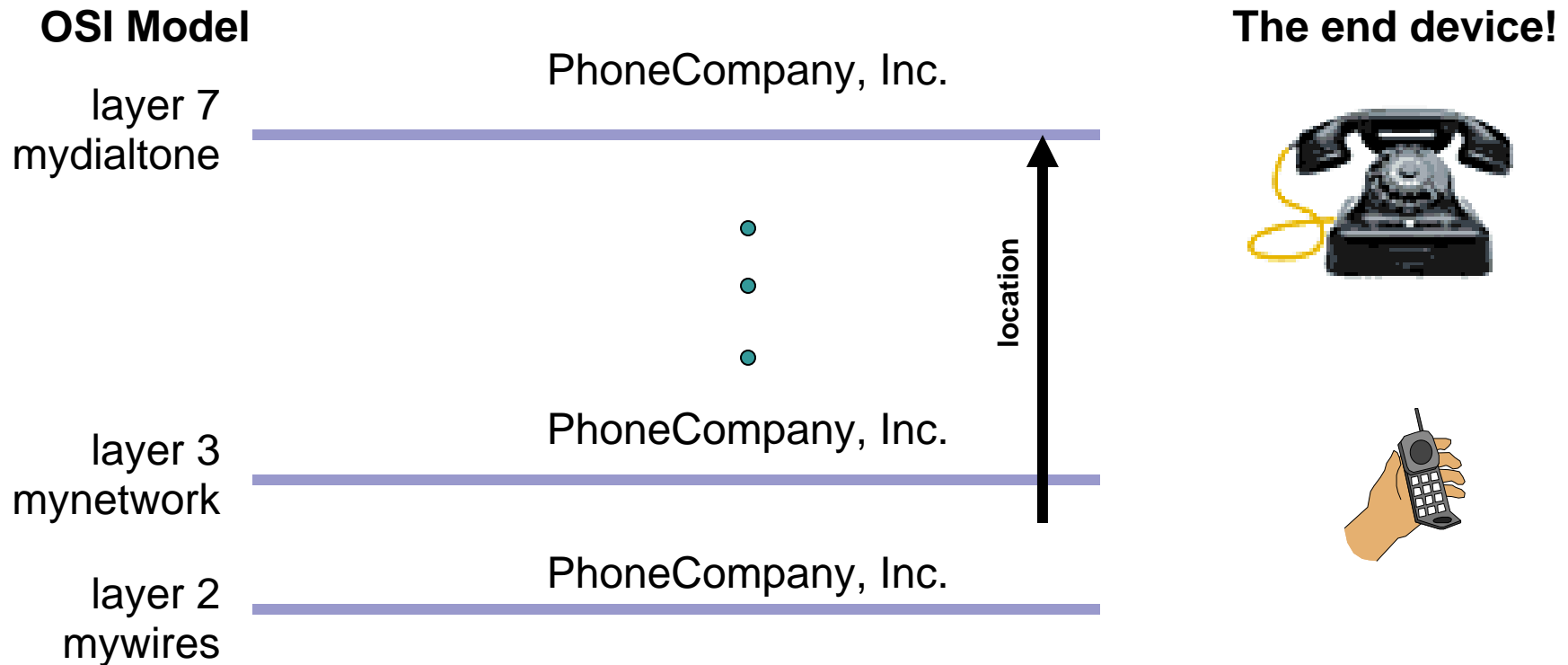
Internet Architecture

Dumb network – Smart endpoints



Legacy Architecture(s)

Smart network – Dumb endpoints



What are we doing?

- **Should we copy the legacy architecture?**

There are many reasons the old way is dying.

- **Or should we use the Internet architecture?**

Can anyone name a successful **Internet** application that requires **direct** communication with the access and/or network control plane(s)?

Now is **NOT** the time to regress!

Location Configuration Protocol

- **A “sighting” protocol as defined in RFC3693**
- **Where the access provider operates a location server which has a mapping from IP address to location**
- **Driving Requirement(s)**
 - Where implementing DHCP relay agents required for RFC3825/Civil09 is impossible**
 - Where implementing DHCP for host configuration is impossible**
- **Differences between DHCP & LCP**
 - DHCP uses relay agent information as key for location lookup**
 - LCP uses IP address as key for location lookup**
 - LCP utilizes TCP as transport, with TLS as an option**

Location Configuration Protocol

- **Works with NAT/PAT**

Since there is no IP address information within the protocol data, normal address/port substitution mechanisms still work

- **Must execute prior to restricted tunnel initialization**

Since source IP address is the key and tunnels would change source IP address, LCP must be executed prior to tunnel establishment

Location Configuration Protocol

- **Privacy/Security**

- Uses IP address as identifier/key**

- Uses source IP address, no dependency on host provided data**

- TCP 3-way handshake mitigates simple source-address spoofing**

- Recommend TLS to protect transport**

List Comments

- **Not able to implement as written!**
 - No data formats.**
 - Client to server – will be in -01**
 - Server to client - intended to support RFC3825 and Civil09 formats**
- **Doesn't HELD to this?**
 - HELD does the same but forces layer violations and is more complex (as a sighting protocol).**
- **I was surprised to see this given past discussions**
 - ??**
- **Can LCP return the location object in PIDF-LO format?**
 - Currently studying – would like more comments**