Update on IP VPN work in ITU-T

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ITU work on IP VPNs starts in Kyoto, March 00

- Study Group 13 Question 20 (IP services using MPLS) launches a work item on IP VPNs over MPLS :
 - "standardisation of fully interoperable, carrier-class solutions for IP VPN over MPLS is crucial for SPs"
 - The Q13/20 successor in the new study period end.2000-end.2003 shall produce a Recommendation on IP VPNs over MPLS (it was just for MPLS at that time)
 - liaison sent to IETF in order to have a feedback and to build ITU-IETF cooperation since the beginning





Two interim meetings and an official one

- Paris (May)
 - work on requirements and technical approaches
 - first version of Recommendation "Network based IP VPN over MPLS Architecture" (now Y.1311.1)
 - discussion on synergy and task sharing with IETF (R. Coltun was there)
- Ottawa (September)
 - enhancements to the MPLS-specific recommendation
 - launch of an additional generic Recommendation "Network based IP VPN Service - Generic framework and service requirements" (now Y.1311)
- Geneva (November) : official SG13 meeting
 - additional requirement enhancements to the MPLS-specific recommendation (plan to move a lot of them to the generic recommendation)

discussion on service model (service/transport decomposition)
FT R&D
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- Interim meeting at the end of February (probably in Boston)
 - main objective : finalize a stable version of the MPLS-specific recommendation in order to prepare the consent call in May official SG13 meeting
- Continue cooperation with IETF
 - the suggestion is to re-use the produced service requirements (implication of several SPs like FT, Sprint, NTT, DT) as one of the basic input for the first PPVPN service requirement ID
- Progress the work on the generic recommendation
 - the service/transport decomposition goes in the same direction of a basic concept for PPVPN (abstraction from the underlying transport infrastructure)





See the current versions of Y.1311 and Y.1311.1 Draft Recommendations at http://nbvpn.francetelecom.com/ituRelated.ht ml





Y.1311.1 "Network based IP VPN over MPLS Architecture"

- Scope
- Reference model
- Service definitions
 - functional, quantitative
- Service requirements
- Framework architecture
 - learning customer-site reachability information
 - distributing reachability information within the VPN
 - constrained distribution of routing information
 - LSP tunnel establishment and usage

- Technical approaches for NBVPN
 - 2 identified (based on deployment):
 - BGP/MPLS (2547)
 - Virtual Router
- QoS approaches
- Interworking between different approaches
- Interworking with other VPN architectures (FFS)





The generic Y.1311 recommendation

- Objectives

- Brief document including a definition of NB IP VPN, generic service requirements, a generic framework and service deployment scenarios as basis for specific IP VPN architectures
- Introduction of non-MPLS based IP VPNs
- Inclusion of non-IP services provided by a Network Based IP VPN (e.g. SDH, ATM, Frame relay, Optical path)
- VPN transport-specific Y.1311.X recommendations (such as the current Y.1311.1 for MPLS transport) will be produced based on market requirements





Current list of service requirements

- Multi-vendor interoperability (at different levels)
- Service management capabilities (Provider/User perspective)
 - Areas: network connectivity, service monitoring, security management, SLA and QoS management
 - Some capabilities as examples: single VPN configuration not impacting other sites/VPNs, interoperability with standard management platforms, automated operations, per-VPN and per-device MIBs
- Security functions
 - isolation, user identification and authentication, security of the flow, peer identification and authentication, site protection
- Quality of Service support (SLS)
 - using DiffServ or IntServ mechanisms, per-VPN (measurable) SLAs, strict QoS (guaranteed bw VPN), QoS support in more complex scenarios (inter-SP VPN, ...)
- Routing capabilities
 - various routing protocols at edge and core of the SP backbone, scalable routing



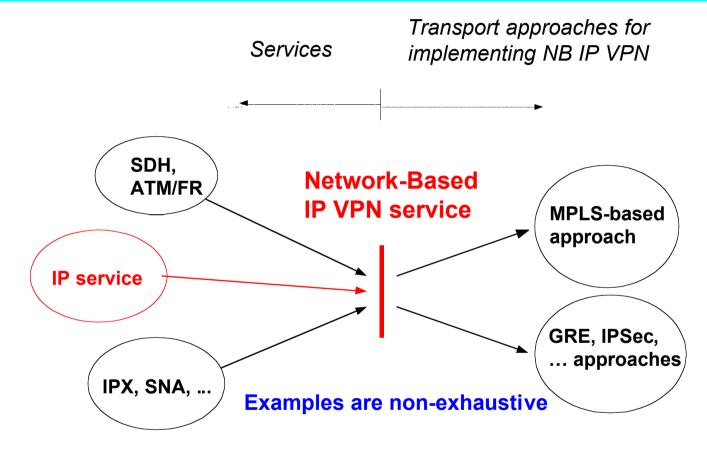
Service requirements - cont.

- Autodiscovery (to convey dynamically VPN information among PEs)
- Various types of customer IP traffic and VPN topology
- Access requirements
 - various customer access scenario and technologies
- Addressing requirements
 - VPN address overlapping, minimized usage of IP addresses, NAT not precluded, various customer IP numbering schemes, support of dynamic allocation and outsourcing
- Various service deployment scenarios
 - multiple VPNs per site, VPN plus Internet access, Intranet/Extranet, Inter-AS VPN, Inter-Provider VPN, Carrier's Carrier, alliances of VPNs
- Reliability and fault tolerance, efficiency ((per-VPN) TE)
- Outsourcing of IP services (ex. DNS, DHCP)
- Some numerical assumptions for a Service Provider VPN offering





Service component decomposition



From ITU-T Draft Rec. Y.1311



