Signaling Requirements at the Optical UNI draft-bala-mpls-optical-uni-signaling-00.txt

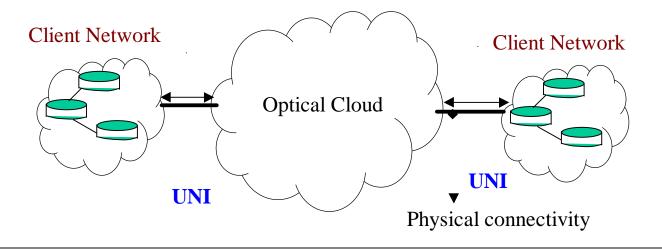
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About this Draft

- Describes the domain services model and the optical UNI
- Describes the signaling requirements at the UNI
- Describes the UNI abstract messages and parameters
- Objectives:
 - Guide the development of an MP?S capability set for UNI signaling (extensions to RSVP/LDP)
 - Harmonize MP?S mechanisms and attributes with UNI definition/requirements from OIF

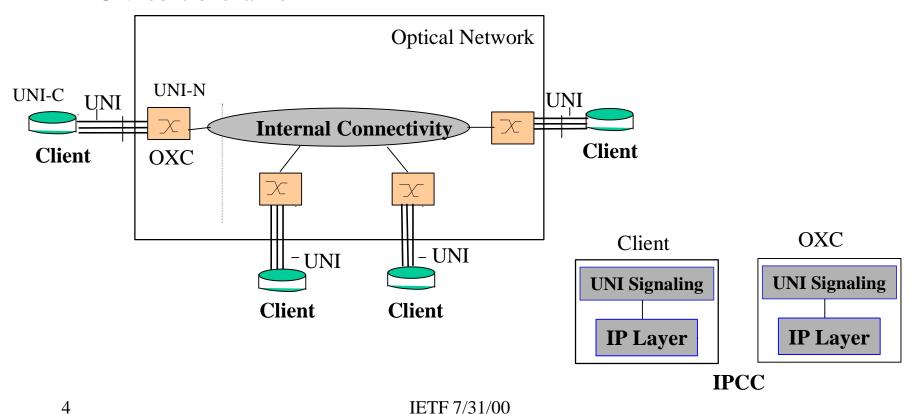
The Domain Services Model

- Optical network provides well-defined services (e.g., lightpath set-up)
- Client-optical interface is defined by actions for service invocation
- Client and optical domains operate independently; need not have any routing information exchange across the interface



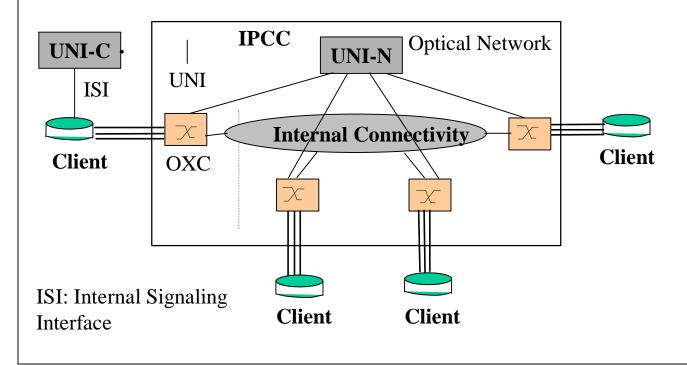
Direct and Indirect Signaling Interfaces

• Direct Interface: Client equipment and OXC implement UNI signaling over a UNI control channel

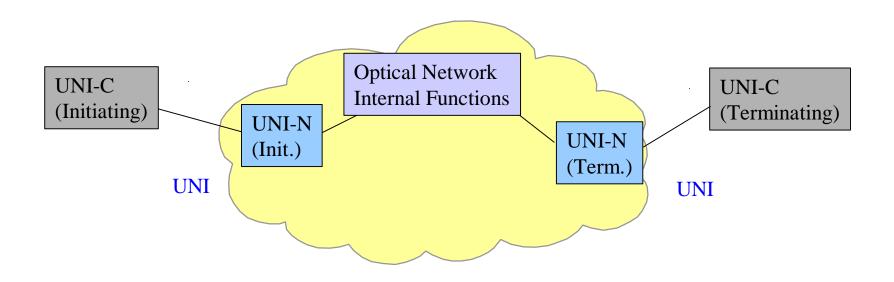


Signaling Interfaces (Contd.)

• Indirect Interface: UNI signaling implemented outside of client and/or OXC



Abstract View of UNI Signaling



Optical Network Services

- Discrete capacity, high-bandwidth connectivity (*lightpaths*)
 - Lightpath Creation, Deletion, Modification, Status Enquiry
- Directory Services
 - Determine client devices of interest
- Supporting Mechanisms
 - Neighbor discovery
 - Service discovery

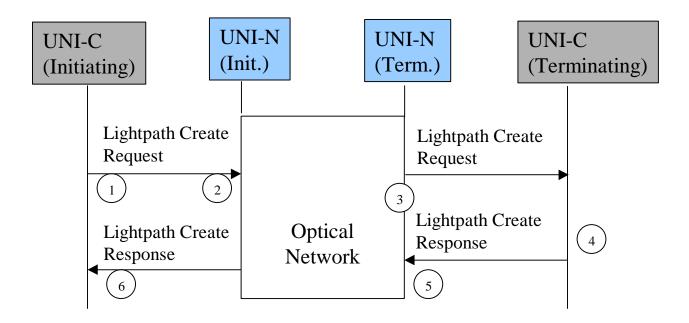
Signaling Requirements

- Automatic or configured determination of UNI control channel endpoints
- UNI control channel must be secure, or UNI-C and UNI-N must implement procedures to recognize authorized messages and to prevent unauthorized access
- When there are multiple physical links between client and OXC, it is necessary to have only a single control channel. The mapping of the control channel to the link must be automatic, ensuring a functional control channel as long as there is at least one physical link available
- Failure of UNI control channel must not result in the removal of lightpaths.
- Failure of UNI CC must be detectable in the absence of UNI messaging, and UNI signaling must have a state synchronization mechanism built in.

UNI Abstract Messages

- Lightpath Create Request UNI-C ↔ UNI-N
- Lightpath Create Response UNI-N ↔ UNI-C
- Lightpath Delete Request $UNI-C \leftrightarrow UNI-N$
- Lightpath Delete Response UNI-N ↔ UNI-C
- Lightpath Modify Request UNI-C ↔ UNI-N
- Lightpath Modify Response UNI-N ↔ UNI-C
- Lightpath Status Enquiry $UNI-C \leftrightarrow UNI-N$
- Lightpath Status Response UNI-N ↔ UNI-C
- Notification UNI-N \rightarrow UNI-C
- Concrete realization based on MP?S signaling constructs

Signaling Example

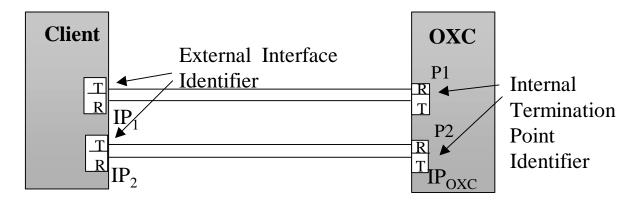


Parameters

- Identification-related
- Service-related
- Routing-related
- Security-related
- Administrative
- Miscellaneous

Identifiers

Lightpath termination point identifiers
Internal ID: {IP address, port ID, channel ID, sub-channel ID}



Client Side Optical Network

Identifiers (Contd.)

- User Group ID
 - 7-octet VPN ID (RFC 2685)
- Contract ID
 - For service provider use (TBD)
- Lightpath ID
 - Assigned by network to uniquely identify lightpath

Service-Related Parameters

- Directionality: Unidirectional or bi-directional
- Framing: PDH, SONET, SDH, Digital Wrapper, LAN & WAN Ethernet
- Bandwidth: Depends on framing.
 - PDH: DSn, En
 - SONET/SDH: STS-n/STM-n
 - Digital wrapper: TBD
 - Etc.
- Transparency: Depends on framing
 - For SONET/SDH: PLR-C, STE-C, LTE-C

Service-Related Parameters (Contd.)

- Maximum Acceptable Propagation Delay
- Service Level
 - Service-provider interpreted
- Priority & preemption : TBD
- Protection Mode: Unprotected, 1+1, Shared

Conclusion

- Considered the domain services model and described different service invocation methods
- Described the UNI signaling requirements, abstract messages and parameters
- The objective of the draft is to facilitate the specification of MP?S constructs that can be used to realize the UNI functionality
 - Functionality may be added incrementally to evolve towards more sophisticated interaction models
- The material in the draft reflects ongoing work in OIF. Not all of the concepts described have been approved by OIF.